# **Bromobenzene - MSDS**

## 1. Product Name and Identification

**Product Name:** <u>Bromobenzene</u> **Chemical Formula:** C6H5Br

Synonyms: Phenyl Bromide, Monobromobenzene

**CAS Number:** 108-86-1

**Manufacturer/Supplier:** [Insert Manufacturer Name]

**Emergency Contact Information:** [Insert Emergency Contact Details]

# 2. Composition/Ingredients

Substance: Bromobenzene

Chemical Name: Bromobenzene

**CAS Number:** 108-86-1 **Percent by Weight:**  $\geq$  99%

## 3. Hazards Identification

#### **GHS** Classification:

- Flammable liquid (Category 3)
- Acute toxicity Oral (Category 4)
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation (Category 2A)
- Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure (Category 3, Narcotic effects)

Signal Word: Warning

### **Hazard Statements:**

- H226: Flammable liquid and vapor.
- H302: Harmful if swallowed.
- H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
- H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### **Precautionary Statements:**

- P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking.
- P261: Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
- P280: Wear protective gloves, clothing, and eye protection.
- P301+P312: If swallowed, contact a poison control center or physician if you feel unwell.
- P304+P340: If inhaled, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

#### **Potential Health Effects:**

- **Eye Contact:** May cause irritation, redness, and watering.
- **Skin Contact:** Prolonged exposure may lead to irritation or dryness.
- **Inhalation:** Exposure to vapors may result in dizziness, headache, or respiratory irritation.
- **Ingestion:** Harmful if swallowed, may cause nausea, vomiting, or gastrointestinal distress.

### 4. First Aid Measures

General Advice: Seek medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.

- **Eye Contact:** Rinse thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Seek medical help.
- **Skin Contact:** Wash affected area with soap and water. Remove any contaminated clothing. If irritation persists, consult a physician.
- **Inhalation:** Move affected person to fresh air. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult and seek medical attention if symptoms continue.
- **Ingestion:** Rinse the mouth with water. Do *not* induce vomiting. Contact a physician or poison control center immediately.

# 5. Handling and Storage

#### Handling:

- Avoid generating mist or vapor.
- Use in a well-ventilated area, away from open flames or heat sources.
- Do not eat, drink, or smoke while handling the product.

#### **Storage:**

- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
- Keep container tightly closed when not in use.
- Store away from incompatible substances like strong oxidizers and acids.

# 6. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

### **Exposure Limits:**

• OSHA PEL (Permissible Exposure Limit): Not established specifically for Bromobenzene. Use caution with exposure.

#### **Engineering Controls:**

• Use proper ventilation, including local exhaust, to minimize exposure levels.

### **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):**

- **Eye Protection:** Safety goggles or glasses with side shields.
- Skin Protection: Wear chemical-resistant gloves such as nitrile or butyl rubber.
- **Respiratory Protection:** Use a NIOSH-approved respirator when exposure exceeds recommended limits or ventilation is inadequate.
- **Clothing:** Full protective clothing to minimize skin contact.

# 7. Physical and Chemical Properties

• Appearance: Clear, colorless liquid

• Odor: Sweet, aromatic odor

• **Boiling Point:** 156°C (312.8°F)

• Melting Point:  $-31^{\circ}$ C ( $-23.8^{\circ}$ F)

• Flash Point: 51°C (123.8°F) (closed cup)

• **Density:** 1.495 g/cm<sup>3</sup> at 25°C

• **Vapor Pressure:** 5 mmHg at 20°C

• Solubility: Insoluble in water, soluble in organic solvents such as ethanol and ether

• **pH:** Not applicable

# 8. Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

#### **Conditions to Avoid:**

- Heat, flames, and other sources of ignition.
- Prolonged exposure to air or moisture may degrade the product.

#### **Materials to Avoid:**

Strong oxidizing agents and strong acids.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition Products:**

• Thermal decomposition may release bromine fumes, hydrogen bromide, and carbon oxides (CO and CO2).

# 9. Toxicological Information

### **Acute Toxicity:**

• Oral LD50 (Rat): 1,400 mg/kg

• **Dermal LD50 (Rabbit):** > 2,000 mg/kg

### **Chronic Exposure:**

• Long-term exposure may affect the central nervous system.

#### **Irritation:**

• Causes moderate skin and eye irritation on contact.

### **Symptoms of Exposure:**

- Headache, dizziness, nausea, or respiratory distress if inhaled.
- Redness, itching, or dryness from skin or eye contact.

# **10. Disposal Considerations**

### **Waste Disposal Methods:**

Dispose of product and packaging in accordance with local, regional, and national regulations. Incineration at a certified facility may be appropriate for small quantities. Avoid contaminating waterways and soil.

#### **Container Handling:**

Ensure that containers are emptied thoroughly before disposal. Do not reuse or repurpose containers; treat as hazardous waste even when empty.