Tolyltriazole MSDS

Product Name and Identification

Product Name: <u>Tolyltriazole</u>
Chemical Formula: C7H7N3
CAS Number: 29385-43-1

- **Relevant Uses**: Corrosion inhibitor for metals, used in industrial water treatment, antifreeze formulations, and other industrial applications.
- Manufacturer/Supplier: [Insert Manufacturer Information]
- **Emergency Contact Number**: [Insert Emergency Contact Information]

Composition/Ingredients

• Chemical Name: Tolyltriazole

• Concentration: $\geq 98\%$

• **Synonyms**: 4-Methyl-1H-benzotriazole, Methylbenzotriazole

CAS Number: 29385-43-1EC Number: 249-596-6

Hazards Identification

- Classification:
 - o Acute toxicity (Category 4, oral)
 - o Eye irritation (Category 2)
 - Specific target organ toxicity (Category 3, respiratory irritation)
- Hazard Statements:
 - o H302: Harmful if swallowed.
 - o H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
 - H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
- Precautionary Statements:
 - o P261: Avoid breathing dust or fumes.
 - o P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.
 - P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

First Aid Measures

- General Advice:
 - o Seek immediate medical attention for severe exposure.
- If Inhaled:
 - Move person to fresh air and ensure they are breathing comfortably. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

• If on Skin:

 Wash affected skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Seek medical help if irritation occurs.

• If in Eyes:

o Rinse thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if possible. If symptoms like irritation persist, consult a doctor.

If Swallowed:

o Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Call a doctor or poison control center immediately.

Handling and Storage

Handling:

- O Use the product in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Prevent the creation of dust.
- Use appropriate protective equipment and avoid inhaling dust or fumes.

Storage:

 Store in a tightly sealed container in a dry, cool, and well-ventilated area. Protect from excessive heat, moisture, and incompatible materials such as strong oxidizing agents.

Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

• Exposure Limits:

 No established exposure limits. Maintain appropriate controls to reduce airborne concentrations.

• Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Respiratory Protection:

 Utilize an approved respirator if working in poorly ventilated areas or where dust is present.

o Eve Protection:

 Wear safety goggles or a face shield to prevent dust or fumes from contacting the eyes.

Skin Protection:

• Use chemical-resistant gloves and protective clothing.

General Hygiene:

• Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid eating, drinking, or smoking while working with this product.

Physical and Chemical Properties

• Appearance: White to light yellow crystalline powder

Odor: Characteristic mild odor
pH (1% solution): ~6.0-7.0

• **Melting Point**: 80-86°C

- **Boiling Point**: ~300°C (decomposes)
- Flash Point: Not applicable
- Solubility:
 - Slightly soluble in water (~50 mg/L at 25°C).
 - o Soluble in organic solvents such as ethanol, benzene, and acetone.
- **Density** (at 20°C): ~1.34 g/cm³

Stability and Reactivity

- Stability:
 - Stable under normal conditions of handling and storage.
- Reactivity:
 - Reacts with strong oxidizing agents and acids.
- Conditions to Avoid:
 - o Heat, moisture, and direct sources of ignition.
- Hazardous Decomposition Products:
 - May release toxic fumes, including nitrogen oxides and carbon monoxide, during decomposition or combustion.

Toxicological Information

- Acute Toxicity:
 - o Harmful if ingested.
 - o Oral LD50 (rat): ~500-1000 mg/kg
- Skin Irritation:
 - o May cause irritation or redness upon prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Eve Damage:
 - Causes irritation and may result in redness or tearing.
- Chronic Effects:
 - Prolonged inhalation or exposure to dust may cause respiratory tract irritation. No significant long-term health risks when used properly.

Disposal Considerations

- Waste Treatment Methods:
 - Dispose of product and contaminated materials as hazardous waste in accordance with local, regional, and national regulations.
 - o Avoid release into drains, water supplies, or the environment.
- Packaging:
 - Empty containers should be decontaminated prior to disposal or recycling per applicable regulations.